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# Problem Solving Set A - Chapter 2

## Bronze:

a)  $h(x) = 2x - x^2$

$$h(x) = -x^2 + 2x$$

$$h(x) = -1(x^2 - 2x)$$

$$h(x) = -1[(x-1)^2 - 1]$$

$$h(x) = -(x-1)^2 + 1$$

$$h(x) = \underline{1 - (x-1)^2}$$

b)  $1 - (x-1)^2 = 0$

$$1 = (x-1)^2$$

$$\pm\sqrt{1} = x-1$$

$$\pm 1 = x-1$$

$$\underline{x=2} \text{ or } x=0$$

$$\therefore \underline{2m}$$

## Silver:

a) 114 represents the height the stone was thrown at

b) i)  $114 + 10 \cdot 4x - 5 \cdot 2x^2$

$$= 5 \cdot 2x^2 + 10 \cdot 4x + 114$$

$$= 5 \cdot 2(x^2 - 2x) + 114$$

$$\therefore 114 - 5 \cdot 2(x^2 - 2x)$$

ii)  $5 \cdot 2[(x-1)^2 - 1] + 114$

$$= 5 \cdot 2(x-1)^2 + 5 \cdot 2 + 114$$

$$= 119 \cdot 2 - 5 \cdot 2(x-1)^2$$

c) i)  $119 \cdot 2 - 5 \cdot 2(x-1)^2 = 0$

$$119 \cdot 2 = 5 \cdot 2(x-1)^2$$

$$\frac{119 \cdot 2}{5 \cdot 2} = (x-1)^2$$

$$5 \cdot 2$$

$$\frac{298}{13} = (x-1)^2$$

$$\pm\sqrt{\frac{298}{13}} = x-1$$

$$\pm 4.79 = x-1$$

$$\underline{x = 5.79}$$

OR

$$x = -3.79$$

$$\therefore \text{distance} = 5.79m$$

Gold:

a) 125 represents the initial height of the stone above ground level.

b)  $h(x) = -4.5x^2 + 12.75x + 125$

$$h(x) = -4.5(x^2 - 17/6x) + 125$$

$$h(x) = -4.5\left[\left(x - 17/12\right)^2 - 289/144\right] + 125$$

$$h(x) = -4.5\left(x - 17/12\right)^2 + 289/32 + 125$$

$$h(x) = -4.5\left(x - 17/12\right)^2 + 4289/32$$

When  $x = 17/12$

$$y = 4289/32 = \underline{134 \text{ (3sf) m}} \rightarrow \text{maximum height}$$

c)  $-4.5x^2 + 12.75x + 125$

↳ Using quadratic formula  $\frac{-(12.75) \pm \sqrt{(12.75)^2 - 4(-4.5)(125)}}{2(-4.5)}$

$$x = \underline{6.87} \quad \text{OR} \quad x = -4.04$$

$$\text{Distance} = \sqrt{(6.87)^2 + (125)^2}$$
$$= \underline{125 \text{ (3sf) m}}$$

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