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1.1: Exponential models

① $Y = \log y$ $X = x$; $Y = 0.7 + 1.2X$

a) $y = kb^x$ b) $\log y = 0.7 + 1.2x \Rightarrow \log y = 10^{0.7+1.2x} \Rightarrow y = 10^{0.7} \times 10^{1.2x}$
 $\Rightarrow k = 5.01$ $b = 15.8$ (3sf)

② $Y = \log y$ $X = \log x$; $Y = 1.5 + 0.8X$

a) $y = ax^n$ b) $\log y = 1.5 + 0.8 \log x \Rightarrow \log y = 1.5 + \log x^{0.8}$
 $\Rightarrow y = 10^{1.5} \times 10^{\log(x)^{0.8}} \Rightarrow y = 10^{1.5} \times x^{0.8} \Rightarrow a = 31.6$ (3sf)
 $n = 0.8$

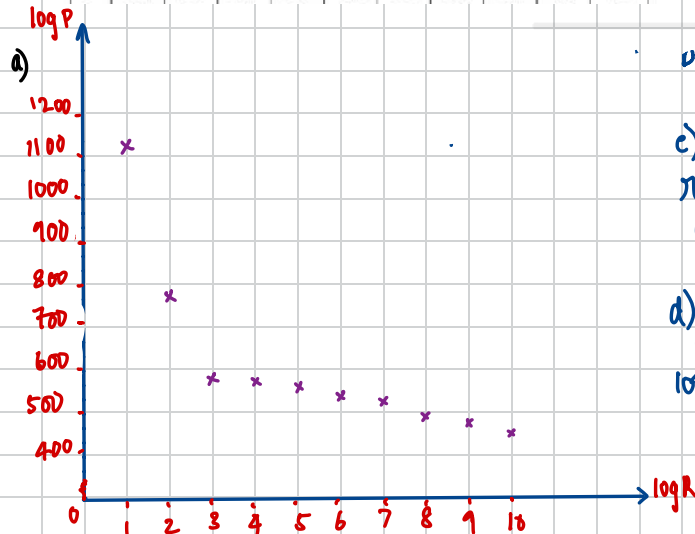
③ $X = x$ $Y = \log y$; $(11, 7.6)(18, 11.1)$; $y = kb^n$

$y = mx + c$ $m = \frac{11.1 - 7.6}{18 - 11} = 0.5 \Rightarrow 7.6 = 0.5(11) + c$
 $\Rightarrow c = 2.1$

$\Rightarrow \log y = 0.5x + 2.1 \Rightarrow y = 10^{0.5x} \times 10^{2.1} \Rightarrow k = 126$ $b = 3.16$ (3sf)

④

R	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
P	1137	785	578	561	546	535	524	496	492	459



b) strong negative correlation

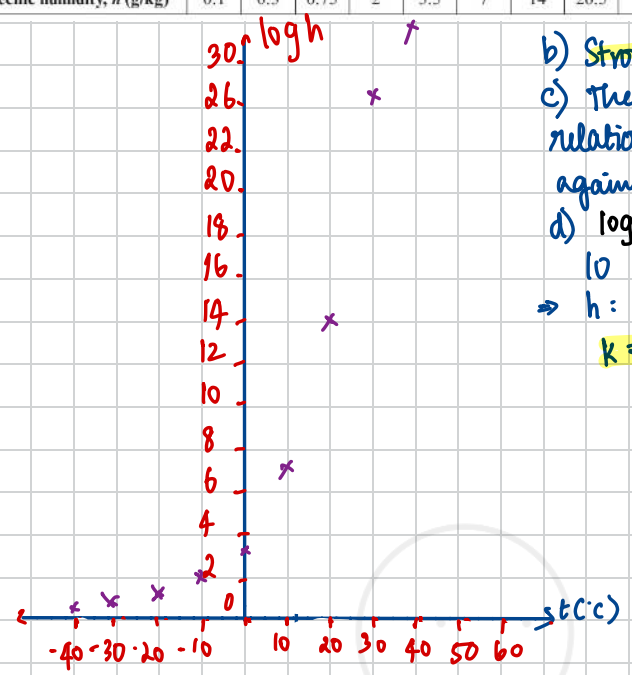
c) Yes; the variable shows a linear relationship when $\log P$ is plotted against $\log R$

d) $x = \log R$ $y = \log P$; $y = 3.00 - 0.355x$
 $\log P = 3 - 0.355 \log R$

$\Rightarrow P = 10^3 \times R^{-0.355} \Rightarrow P = 1000 R^{-0.355}$

Temperature, t ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)	-40	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40
Specific humidity, h (g/kg)	0.1	0.3	0.75	2	3.5	7	14	26.5	47

a)



- b) Strong positive correlation
- c) The variables shows a linear relationship when $\log h$ is plotted against t .
- d) $\log h = 0.47t + 0.0327t$
 $\Rightarrow h = 10^{0.47t} \times 10^{0.0327t}$ $[h = kb^t]$
 $k = 2.99$ $b = 1.08$ (3sf)

6) $x = \log W$ $y = \log E$; $y = 1.02x - 1.22$

$\Rightarrow \log E = 1.02(\log W) - 1.22 \Rightarrow \log E = \log W^{1.02} - 1.22$

$\Rightarrow \log E = \log W^{1.02} - 1.22 \Rightarrow E = 0.0603 W^{1.02}$, $a = 0.0603$, $n = 1.02$ (3sf)

7) $x = l$ $y = \log m$; $y = 3.27x + 1.56$

$\Rightarrow \log m = 3.27l + 1.56 \Rightarrow m = 10^{3.27l} \times 10^{1.56} \Rightarrow m = 36.3 \times 10^{3.27l}$; $k = 36.3$ $b = 10^{3.27}$ (3sf)

8) $x = \log N$ $y = \log H$; $y = 2.6 + 0.67x$

a) $\log H = 2.6 + 0.67(\log N) \Rightarrow H = 10^{2.6} \times 10^{0.67 \log N} \Rightarrow H = 398 N^{0.67}$; $a = 398$, $n = 0.67$ (3sf)

b) 900 kg/ha is outside the range of the data (extrapolation)