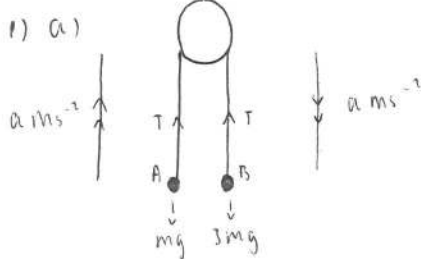


Author: Iqra Alam

This step-by-step solution guide has been created by **Iqra Alam** for educational purposes. While we have made every effort to ensure the accuracy of the information presented, it is possible that there may be errors or omissions. We encourage users to critically evaluate and verify the content. BF Maths and the author cannot be held responsible for any errors or inaccuracies in this guide.

If you find any mistakes or have any suggestions for improvements, please contact us at bfmathshello@gmail.com. Your feedback is invaluable in helping us maintain the quality and accuracy of our resources. Please specify *which exercise and which question* in the email.

Thank you for using BF Maths for your maths revision!



i) $T - mg = ma$

ii) $3mg - T = 3ma$

b) $T = ma + mg$
 $T = 3mg - 3ma$ } simultaneous equations

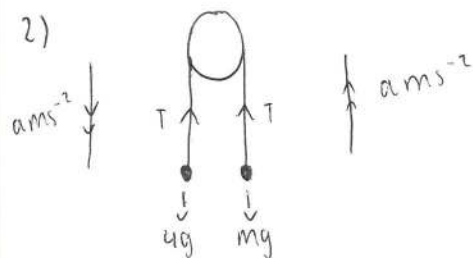
$3mg - 3ma = ma + mg$

$3g - 3a = a + g$

$2g = 4a$

$a = \frac{2}{4}g = 0.5g \text{ ms}^{-2}$

c) The magnitude of acceleration of the 2 particles is the same



a) $F = ma$ (down)

$4g - T = 4(\frac{3}{13}g)$

$4g - T = \frac{12}{13}g$

$T = \frac{12}{13}g + 4g$

$T = \frac{40}{13}g \text{ N}$

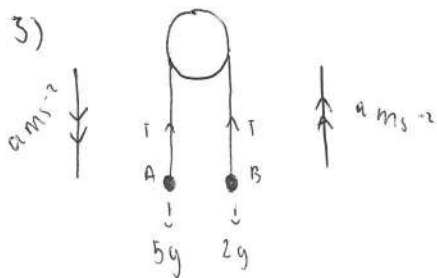
b) $T - mg = m(\frac{3}{13}g)$

$\frac{40}{13}g - mg = \frac{3}{13}mg$

$\frac{40}{13} - m = \frac{3}{13}m$

$\frac{40}{13} = \frac{16}{13}m$

$m = \frac{5}{2} = \underline{\underline{2.5}}$



a) i) ~~$T - 5g = 5a$~~

~~$2g =$~~

$5g - T = 5a \rightarrow T = 5g - 5a$

$T - 2g = 2a \rightarrow T = 2a + 2g$

$5g - 5a = 2a + 2g$

$3g = 7a$

$a = \frac{3}{7}g \text{ ms}^{-2}$

ii) $T = 2(\frac{3}{7}g) + 2g$

$T = \frac{6}{7}g + 2g$

$T = \underline{\underline{\frac{20}{7}g \text{ N}}}$

b) s

$u = ?$

$v = 0$

$a = \frac{3}{7}g$

$t = 2.5$

$v = u + at$

$0 = u + 2.5(\frac{3}{7}g)$

$0 = u + 10.5$

$u = -10.5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ (downwards)

$\therefore \underline{\underline{10.5 \text{ ms}^{-1}}}$

c) motion of B before A:

$s = ?$

$u = 0$

$v = 4.2 (\frac{3}{7}g)$

$t = 2.5$

$s = u + \frac{1}{2}at^2$

$s = \frac{1}{2}(4.2)(2.5)^2$

$= \underline{\underline{13.125 \text{ m}}}$

$s = ?$

$u = 10.5$

$v = 0$

$a = -9.8$

$t =$

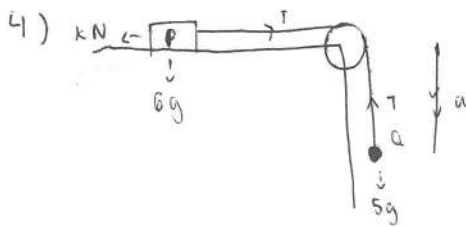
$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$

$0 = (10.5)^2 + 2(-9.8)s$

$110.25 = 19.6s$

$s = \underline{\underline{5.625 \text{ m}}}$

Total distance = $13.125 - 5.625 = \underline{\underline{18.75 \text{ m}}}$



a) Q:

$$5g - T = 5a$$

$$5(9.8) - T = 5(2)$$

$$49 - T = 10$$

$$T = 39 \text{ N}$$

b) $T - kN = 6a$

$$39 - kN = 6(2)$$

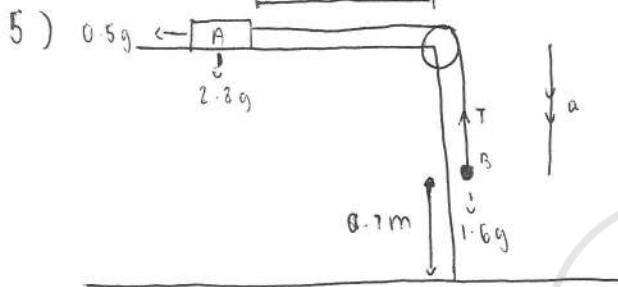
$$39 - kN = 12$$

$$k = 39 - 12$$

$$k = 27 \text{ N}$$

c) $F = \sqrt{T^2 + T^2} = \sqrt{39^2 + 39^2} = 55.2 \text{ N}$

↳ 2 equal and opposite forces from the string



a) A:

$$T - 0.5g = 2.8a$$

$$T = 2.8a + 0.5g$$

B:

$$1.6g - T = 1.6a$$

$$T = 1.6g - 1.6a$$

$$2.8a + 0.5g = 1.6g - 1.6a$$

$$1.1g = 4.4a$$

$$a = \frac{1.1g}{4.4} = \frac{g}{4} = \frac{9.8}{4} = 2.45 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} g \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

b) $s = 0.7$
 $u = 0$
 $v = ?$
 $a = 2.45$
 $t = ?$

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

$$0.7 = 0 + \frac{1}{2} (2.45) t^2$$

$$t^2 = \frac{0.7}{1.225} = 0.5714$$

$$t = \sqrt{0.5714} = 0.756 \text{ s (3 s.f.)}$$

BF MATHS

c) Velocity of A when B hits the ground:

$s = ?$
 $u = 0$
 $v = ?$
 $a = 2.45$
 $t = 0.756$

$$v = u + at$$

$$v = 0 + 2.45(0.756)$$

$$= 1.85 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

Deceleration of A due to friction:

$$F = ma$$

$$a = \frac{F}{m}$$

$$a = \frac{0.5 \times 9.8}{2.8} = 1.75 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$-1.75 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

$s = ?$
 $u = 1.85$
 $v = 0$
 $a = -1.75$
 $t = ?$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$0^2 = (1.85)^2 + 2(-1.75)s$$

$$s = \frac{(1.85)^2}{2(1.75)} = 0.975$$

∴ Total distance = $0.7 + 0.975 = 1.675$
 $= 1.68 \text{ m (3 s.f.)}$