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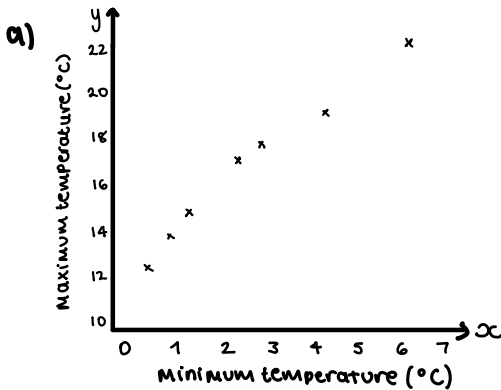
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Problem Solving

Bronze



d) It is likely to be a valid data value as the value isn't realistic.

Gold

a) $y = 113 - 0.993x$

- 0.993 = visibility decreases for 99.3 DM for each 1% increase in humidity.

b) i) $x = 90\%$

$$113 - 0.993(90) = 29.03$$

90% is within the range of the data so it would be sensible.

ii) $x = 40\%$

$$113 - 0.993(40) = 75.68$$

The daily maximum relative humidity in the UK never falls about 60%, so it isn't valid.

c) High humidity is associated with mist and fog so it is likely that the relationship could be casual.

d) This is the regression line for y on x . To predict the humidity from the visibility, you would need the equation of the regression line for x on y .

b) The points appear to be close to a straight line.

c) 12°C is outside the range/data, so this would be extrapolation.

Silver

a) The data exhibits a very strong linear trend.

b) $y = 185 - 10x$

185 = the value in £1000s when the flat is right in the centre of the city.

-10 = the decrease in value for every 1km from the city centre.

c) $x = 11$

$$y = 185 - 10(11)$$

$$y = 75$$

75 is outside the range of data so it would be extrapolation