

## **Author: Akuoma Duru**

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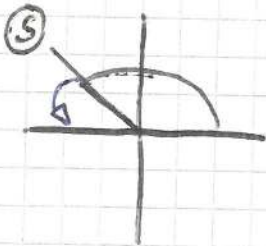
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10.2

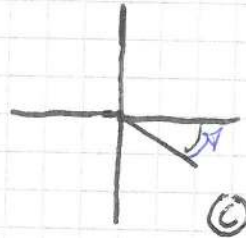
(By Akuma Duru)

① a)  $\sin(150)$



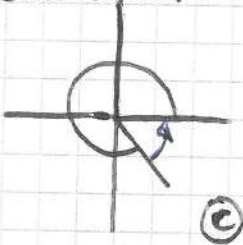
$\sin(30)$

b)  $\sin(-45)$



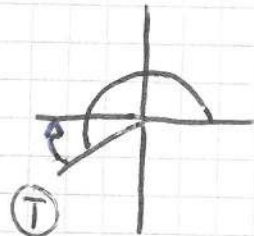
$-\sin(45)$

c)  $\sin(315)$



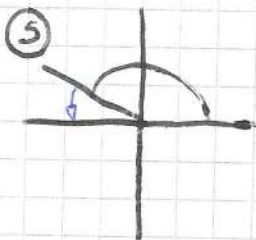
$-\sin(45)$

d)  $\sin(240)$



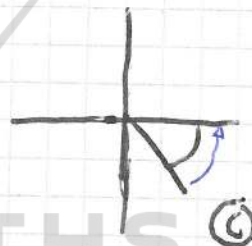
$-\sin(60)$

e)  $\cos(150)$



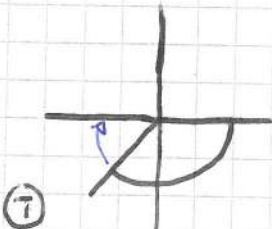
$-\cos(30)$

f)  $\cos(-60)$



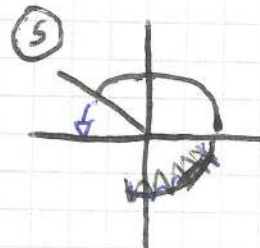
$\cos(60)$

g)  $\cos(-135)$

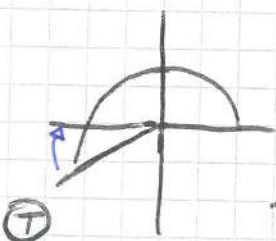


$-\cos(45)$

h)  $\cos(120)$

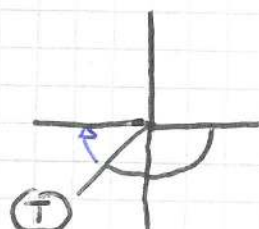


i)  $\tan(225)$



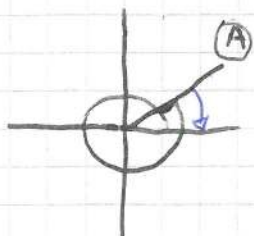
$\tan(45)$

j)  $\tan(-150)$



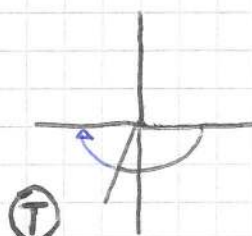
$\tan(30)$

k)  $\tan(45)$



$\tan(45)$

l)  $\tan(-120)$



$\tan(60)$

2

$$a \sin \alpha + b = y$$

$$a \sin(0) + b = 3$$

$$0 + b = 3$$

$$b = 3$$

$$a \sin(90) + 3 = 5$$

$$a \sin(90) = 2$$

$$a = 2$$

$$2 \sin \alpha + 3 = y$$

$$2 \sin(45) + 3 = 3 + \sqrt{2}$$

$$y = \sqrt{2} + 3$$

BF MATHS

3  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \alpha$

$$10^2 = x^2 + 4x^2 - \left(4x^2 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

~~$$100 = 5x^2 - 2x^2\sqrt{3}$$~~

$$100 = 5x^2 - 2x^2\sqrt{3}$$

$$100 = x^2(5 - 2\sqrt{3})$$

↳

$$x^2 = \frac{100}{(5 - 2\sqrt{3})} = \frac{100(5 + 2\sqrt{3})}{(5 + 2\sqrt{3})(5 - 2\sqrt{3})}$$

$$\frac{100(5 + 2\sqrt{3})}{13}$$