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2.6

1) a)  $y=0$

$$x - 0.04x^2 = 0$$

$$x(1 - 0.04x) = 0$$

$$x = 0 \text{ or } \underbrace{1 - 0.04x = 0}$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$0.04x = 1$$

$$x = \frac{1}{0.04} = 25$$

$\therefore$  25 meters

b)  $y = x - 0.04x^2$

$$y = -0.04x^2 + x$$

$$y = -0.04(x^2 - 25x)$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$(x - 12.5)^2 - 156.25$$

$$y = -0.04[(x - 12.5)^2 - 156.25]$$

$$y = \underline{-0.04(x - 12.5)^2 + 6.25}$$

c) when  $x = 12.5$

$$y = 6.25$$

$\therefore$  maximum height is 6.25 m

2) a)  $p = -5.25x^2 + 73.5x - 107.5$

$$p = -5.25(x^2 - \frac{73.5}{5.25}) - 107.5$$

$$p = -5.25(x^2 - 14x) - 107.5$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$(x - 7)^2 - 49$$

$$p = -5.25[(x - 7)^2 - 49] - 107.5$$

$$p = -5.25(x - 7)^2 + 149.75$$

$$\therefore p = \underline{149.75 - 5.25(x - 7)^2}$$

b) i) 149,750

ii)  $x = 7$

$$149.75 - 5.25(7 - 7)^2$$

$$p = 149.75 \therefore \underline{\&7}$$

3) a) i)  $\frac{2.5}{2} = 1.25$

$$\therefore A = (1.25, -3)$$

ii) Roots:  $x = 0$  and  $x = 2.5$   $\rightarrow x(x - 2.5) = 0$

Turning point:  $(1.25, -3)$

$$x^2 - 2.5x = 0$$

$\hookrightarrow$  complete square

$$(x - 1.25)^2 - 1.5625 = 0 \quad (x = 1.92)$$

$$\underline{1.92(x - 1.25)^2 - 3 = 0}$$

$$\rightarrow -3 \div -1.5625 = 1.92$$

4) a) The model assumes that when there are no workers employed, no cars would be produced. So with a constant, it wouldn't make sense. Also negative profit can still be determined as a loss, so the model would be valid.

$$b) q = 0.4(1500) - 0.00008(1500)^2$$

$$q = 420$$

$$c) q = -0.00008w^2 - 0.4w$$

$$q = -0.00008(w^2 - 5000w)$$

$$q = -0.00008[(w - 2500)^2 - 6250000]$$

$$q = -0.00008(w - 2500)^2 - 500$$

Workers: 2500

Cars: 500

5) a) 120 represents the initial height of the ball above ground level (when  $t=0$ )

$$b) h(t) = -4.9t^2 + 12.25t + 120$$

$$h(t) = -4.9(t^2 - 5/2t) + 120$$

$$h(t) = -4.9\left[\left(t - 5/4\right)^2 - 25/16\right] + 120$$

$$h(t) = -4.9\left(t - 5/4\right)^2 + \frac{245}{32} + 120$$

$$h(t) = -4.9\left(t - 5/4\right)^2 + \frac{4085}{32}$$

$$h(t) = \frac{4085}{32} - 4.9\left(t - 5/4\right)^2$$

$$c) i) \frac{4085}{32} - 4.9\left(t - 5/4\right)^2 = 0$$

$$\frac{4085}{32} = 4.9\left(t - 5/4\right)^2$$

$$\frac{4085}{32} = 4.9 = \left(t - 5/4\right)^2$$

$$26.06 = \left(t - 5/4\right)^2$$

$$t - 5/4 = \pm\sqrt{26.06}$$

$$t - 5/4 = \pm 5.104$$

$$\therefore t = 5/4 + 5.104 = 6.354$$

$$t = 5/4 - 5.104 = -3.854 \text{ (time cannot be negative)}$$

$$\therefore 6.35 \text{ seconds (3 s.f.)}$$

$$ii) h(t) = \frac{4085}{32} - 4.9\left(t - 5/4\right)^2$$

Maximum height:  $4085/32$  (128 3 s.f.) m

Maximum time:  $5/4$  seconds (1.25 seconds)

6) a) A negative profit means that the company would be at a loss so doesn't mean that the model is invalid

$$b) P = -6.25x^2 + 125x - 465$$

$$P = -6.25 \left( x^2 - \frac{125}{6.25}x \right) - 465$$

$$P = -6.25(x^2 - 20x) - 465$$

$$P = -6.25[(x-10)^2 - 100] - 465$$

$$P = -6.25(x-10)^2 + 625 - 465$$

$$P = -6.25(x-10)^2 + 160$$

$$\hookrightarrow 160 - 6.25(x-10)^2$$

$$c) 160 - 6.25(x-10)^2 > 120$$

$$-6.25(x-10)^2 > -40$$

$$(x-10)^2 < 40/6.25$$

$$(x-10)^2 < 6.4$$

$$x-10 < \pm\sqrt{6.4}$$

$$x-10 < \pm 2.53$$

$$x < 12.53$$

$$x > 7.48$$

$$d) i) \text{£}160,000$$

$$ii) (x-10)^2 = 0 \quad \therefore \text{selling price is } \underline{\text{£}10}$$

$$x = 10$$

$$7) 8q + 8 = q^2 - 14q + 48$$

$$q^2 - 22q + 40 = 0$$

$$(q-20)(q-2) = 0$$

$$q = 20 \quad \text{OR}$$

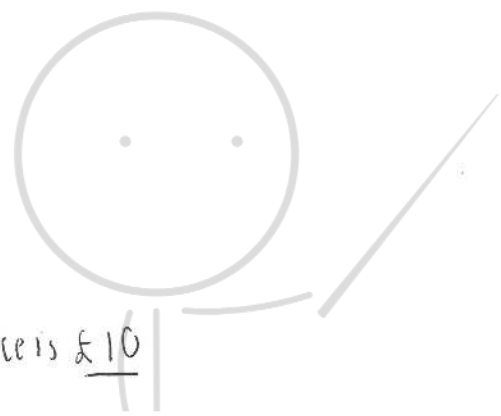
$$q = 2$$

$$0 \leq q \leq 6 \quad \therefore q = 2$$

$$P_s = 8(2) + 8 = 16 + 8 = 24$$

Market equilibrium quantity: 2 (thousand)

Price: £24



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