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13.4 Definite integrals

1) a) $\int_2^{10} x^2 dx$

$$\left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_2^{10} = \left(\frac{(10)^3}{3} \right) - \left(\frac{(2)^3}{3} \right) = \frac{992}{3}$$

b) $\int_1^8 6x^{4/3} dx$

$$\left[\frac{6x^{7/3}}{7/3} \right]_1^8 = \left(\frac{6(8)^{7/3}}{7/3} \right) - \left(\frac{6(1)^{7/3}}{7/3} \right) = \frac{135}{2}$$

c) $\int_2^4 4x^{-3} dx$

$$\left[\frac{4x^{-2}}{-2} \right]_2^4 = \left(-2(4)^{-2} \right) - \left(-2(2)^{-2} \right) = \frac{3}{8}$$

d) $\int_4^9 5x^{1/2} dx$

$$\left[\frac{5x^{3/2}}{3/2} \right]_4^9 = \left(10(9)^{3/2} \right) - \left(10(4)^{3/2} \right) = 10$$

2) a) $\int_1^2 18x - 4x^{-3} dx$

$$\left[\frac{18x^2}{2} - \frac{4x^{-2}}{-2} \right]_1^2 = \left[9x^2 + \frac{2}{x^2} \right]$$

$$\left(9(2)^2 + \frac{2}{2^2} \right) - \left(9(1)^2 + \frac{2}{1^2} \right) = 25.5$$

b) $\int_1^4 x^{-1/2} (14x^3 - 5x^2) dx$

$$\int_1^4 14x^{5/2} - 5x^{3/2} dx$$

$$\left[4x^{7/2} - 2x^{5/2} \right]_1^4$$

$$\left(4(4)^{7/2} - 2(4)^{5/2} \right) - \left(4(1)^{7/2} - 2(1)^{5/2} \right) = 446$$

$$c) \int_1^{36} (2x^{1/2} - 6x^{-1})^2 dx$$

$$4x - \frac{24}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{36}{x^2}$$

$$\left[\frac{4x^2}{2} - \frac{24x^{1/2}}{1/2} + \frac{36x^{-1}}{-1} \right]_1^{36}$$

$$(2x^2 - 48x^{1/2} - 36x^{-1})_1^{36}$$

$$(2(36)^2 - 48(36)^{1/2} - 36(36)^{-1}) - (2(1)^2 - 48(1)^{1/2} - 36(1)^{-1}) = 2385$$

$$3) \int_1^8 5x^{-2} - 3x^{-4} dx$$

$$\left[\frac{5x^{-1}}{-1} - \frac{3x^{-3}}{-3} \right]_1^8 = \left[-\frac{5}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3} \right]_1^8$$

$$\left(-\frac{5}{8} + \frac{1}{8^3} \right) - \left(-\frac{5}{1} + \frac{1}{1^3} \right) = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$4) \int_1^{16} (2x^{-2} + 4x^{1/2}) dx$$

$$\left[\frac{2x^{-1}}{-1} + \frac{4x^{3/2}}{3/2} \right]_1^{16} = \left[-\frac{2}{x} + \frac{8x^{3/2}}{3} \right]_1^{16}$$

$$\left(-\frac{2}{16} + \frac{8(16)^{3/2}}{3} \right) - \left(-\frac{2}{1} + \frac{8(1)^{3/2}}{3} \right) = \frac{1358}{3}$$

$$5) \int_1^4 \left(\frac{8}{3}x^3 - 6x^{-2} - 2x^{-1/2} \right) dx$$

$$\left[\frac{\frac{8}{3}x^4}{4} - \frac{6x^{-1}}{-1} - \frac{2x^{1/2}}{1/2} \right]_1^4 = \left[\frac{2}{3}x^4 + 6x^{-1} - 4x^{1/2} \right]_1^4$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{3}(4)^4 + 6(4)^{-1} - 4(4)^{1/2} \right) - \left(\frac{2}{3}(1)^4 + 6(1)^{-1} - 4(1)^{1/2} \right) = \frac{323}{2} \text{ or } 161.5$$

$$6) \int_4^k 9x^{1/2} dx = 702$$

$$\left[\frac{9x^{3/2}}{3/2} \right]_4^k = \left[6x^{3/2} \right]_4^k$$

$$(6(k)^{3/2}) - (6(4)^{3/2}) = 702$$

$$6k^{3/2} - 48 = 702$$

$$6k^{3/2} = 750$$

$$k^{3/2} = 125$$

$$(k^{3/2})^{2/3} = (125)^{2/3}$$

$$k = 25$$

$$7) a) y^{1/2} = 2x^{1/3} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/3}$$

$$(y^{1/2})^2 = (2x^{1/3} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/3})^2$$

$$(2x^{1/3} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/3})(2x^{1/3} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/3})^2$$

$$y = 4x^{2/3} + \frac{1}{4}x^{-3/2} - 2$$

$$b) \int_1^8 4x^{2/3} + \frac{1}{4}x^{-3/2} - 2 dx$$

$$\left[\frac{4x^{5/3}}{5/3} + \frac{\frac{1}{4}x^{-1/2}}{-1/2} - 2x \right]_1^8 = \left[\frac{12x^{5/3}}{5} + \frac{3x^{-1/2}}{4} - 2x \right]_1^8$$

$$\left(\frac{12(8)^{5/3}}{5} + \frac{3(8)^{-1/2}}{4} - 2(8) \right) - \left(\frac{12(1)^{5/3}}{5} + \frac{3(1)^{-1/2}}{4} - 2(1) \right) = \frac{1223}{20}$$

$$8) \int_4^9 ax^{1/2} dx = -114$$

$$\left[\frac{ax^{3/2}}{3/2} \right]_4^9 = \left[\frac{2ax^{3/2}}{3} \right]_4^9$$

$$\left(\frac{2a(9)^{3/2}}{3} \right) - \left(\frac{2a(4)^{3/2}}{3} \right) = -114$$

$$18a - \frac{16}{3}a = -114$$

$$a(18 - \frac{16}{3}) = -114$$

$$a = \frac{-114}{38/3}$$

$$a = -9$$